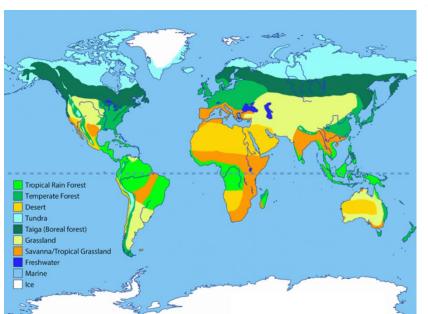
Biomes and climate zones



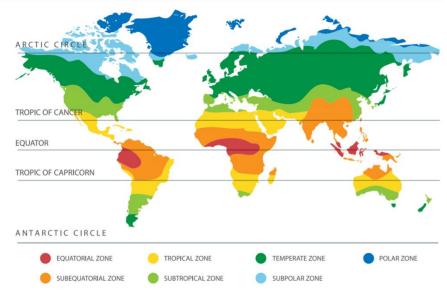
Biomes are a way to <u>categorise</u> the Earth's surface. These categories are based on climate patterns, soil types and the animals and plants that <u>inhabit</u> an area. There are <u>terrestrial</u> biomes and <u>aquatic</u> biomes. Every part of the Earth's surface is a part of one or more biomes. There are ten biomes: tropical rainforest, temperate deciduous forest, desert, tundra, taiga, grassland, savannah, marine, freshwater and ice. <u>Climate</u> is the average weather expected in a place (weather is the day-to day conditions in a place). Earth has seven zones of expected climate: polar, subpolar, temperate, tropical, sub-tropical, equatorial and sub-equatorial. Biomes are directly linked to climate zones.



Location of Earth's biomes



Location of Earth's climate zones





categorise: to put into groups (categories)

inhabit: to live in

terrestrial: on land

aquatic: in water

climate: the average expected weather in

a place













(XXI)



Location

Physical features

Human features

Diversity

Physical processes

Human

Techniques